





Cattara is thrilled to be celebrating our 10th anniversary this year! And we couldn't have done it without you, our loyal travelers, who have followed us (literally) to the far corners of the globe. We look forward to sharing many more fun and inspiring adventures with you in the years to come. Thank you!

# Everest—Three Passes

April 21- May 12, 2018 (22 days)

Here's a rare opportunity to experience superb Himalayan trekking where it all first began.

The Himalaya, the world's most impressive chain of mountains, is truly the Abode of the Gods, with the world's tallest peak, Everest (29,035'), looming as a sentinel over the Nepal-Tibet border. This is arguably the ultimate trekking destination, and in April 2018, expert Himalayan guide Cathy Ann Taylor will lead a fascinating journey to this mountain kingdom—a fantastic yet strenuous 16-day trek that brings you over three challenging and remote passes—the Renjo La, Cho La, and Kongma La—that link the beautiful high valleys of the Everest region. The trek includes a hike to Kala Patar (18,192'), from where you'll set your eyes on the incredible face of Everest, and hikes in the Gokyo Valley, with its festival of turquoise-hued lakes. Cathy Ann's deep connections to the area and her enthusiasm will open doors to many of the local people she has met over the years. You'll experience all this and more with our full service camping and personalized service.

#### TRIP DETAILS

Very Challenging ▶ 17 days strenuous hiking on rocky, steep terrain at high elevation (max. 18,192'); 9 nights camping, 8 nights mountain lodges, 4 nights hotels

## ITINERARY

(You will likely need to leave the U.S. on April 19 or 20 depending on the routing in order to arrive in Kathmandu on April 21.)

## Day 1, April 21 Arrive In Kathmandu, Nepal

Arrive in Kathmandu by mid-afternoon on Day 1. Your trip leader or a Cattara representative will meet you outside the customs and immigration area at the airport. He or she will escort you to the centrally located Shangri La Hotel, a 15-minute walk to the Royal Palace and the bustling Thamel market. Besides a nice garden area, the hotel also has a good restaurant and several shops. Later in the afternoon, there will be a briefing on the trek arrangements. This evening, you'll enjoy a "Welcome" dinner with the group.

D...Shangri La Hotel

## Day 2, April 22 ▶ Explore Kathmandu

A free day to rest and get over jet lag. Time permitting, you can explore Durbar Square at your leisure, Thamel, Swayambunath (the "Monkey Temple," overlooking the entire Valley); you can also hire a driver to take you to the nearby city of Patan or Bhaktapur.

B...Shangri La Hotel

## Day 3, April 23 Mountain flight to Lukla and begin trek

Early transfer to the airport for the mountain flight to Lukla airstrip (weather permitting). The world's highest mountains rise before us as we head toward Lukla (9,200'), situated on a high mountainside above the Dudh Kosi River. Here we'll organize the porters, Sherpa guides, and pack animals for the beginning of the trek. From Lukla, the trail descends 1,500 feet down to the Dudh Kosi. The inhabitants of the Khumbu area are Sherpas, people who migrated from Tibet over 500 years ago and still practice Tibetan Buddhism, although most have adopted many of the local Nepalese customs. Continue to the village of Phakding past a number of small villages and terraced hillsides, with views of Khumbila (18,800'), the sacred peak of the Sherpa people, occasionally in sight. Our first night be spent will be at 8,900' near Phakding, along the Dudh Kosi river. (3-4 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Sunrise Lodge Phakding

## Day 4, April 24 ▶ Namche Bazaar (11,270')

We enter the national park boundary and continue trekking up the Dudh Kosi valley to Jorsale, where the trail enters Sagarmatha (Everest) National Park. Begin the steep climb up to the Sherpa market town of Namche Bazaar (11,270'), catching a glimpse of Everest and other Himalayan giants along the way. Namche Bazaar is the local center for trading and supplies. Besides houses with typical local architecture, there are trekker's inns, shops, and a small monastery. We'll stay in a lodge in Namche Bazaar. (5-6 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Sherwi Khangba Lodge

## Day 5, April 25 ▶ Namche Bazaar (11,270') – Khunde

From Namche Bazaar, we'll hike up to Khunde, site of Sir Edmond Hillary's medical clinic. We may also have time to do an optional hike up to the Everest View hotel for amazing panoramic views of Everest and its neighboring mountains. Return to our lodge in Namche Bazaar for dinner and overnight.

B,L,D...Sherwi Khangba Lodge

## Day 6, April 26 > Thame (12,500')

We hike for half a day on a moderately easy and pleasant trail along the Bhote Kosi to the remote village of Thame (12,500'), situated on an ancient trading route crossing the Nangpa La (pass) between Tibet and Nepal. We'll visit many of Cathy Ann's friends along the way; be prepared to drink lots of tea! After traversing the Bhote Kosi, the trail continues steeply uphill to Thame, where we overnight in a comfortable mountain lodge. (4-5 hours hiking.) B,L,D...Valley View Lodge

## Day 7, April 27 ▶ Thame

We have an extra day in Thame to visit Thame Monastery (13,000'), with a chance to hike higher up the valley for extra acclimatization. (6-7 hours hiking.) B,L,D...Valley View Lodge

## Day 8, April 28 > Lungden (14,104')

Continue to follow the Dudh Kosi up to Lungden, a settlement with a few yak farms and teahouses. (3-4 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Camp

## Day 9, April 29 ▶ Lungden to Alpine Lake (14,900')

Climb steeply out of camp and continue to a stunning valley where there are sheperd's huts and alpine lakes. Today is a short day for acclimatization. (2-3 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Camp

## Day 9, April 30 Day Renjo La (17,509') – Gokyo Lake (15,744')

Today we tackle the first of our challenging passes: the Renjo La (17,509'). A long, steep ascent on a rocky and snow-covered trail brings us to the top, from where we have spectacular views of an ocean of snow-clad peaks, including Everest, Cho Oyu, Nuptse, Lhotse, Makalu, and the Gokyo Valley, with its turquoise lakes. Descend two-three hours to Gokyo Lake and camp overnight. This is a long day, and you should be prepared to cope with the conditions with gaiters, and hiking poles. (6 ½ - 7 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Camp

## Day 10, May 1 ▶ Rest Day – Gokyo Ri (17,483')

Today is a day to rest after our challenging hike, but if you're up for another hike, we can make our way up Gokyo Ri for breathtaking views of the mountains. In clear weather, four of the 10 highest peaks in the world—Everest, Cho Oyu, Nuptse, Lhotse, and Makalu—are visible from the summit. If you're up early enough, you may catch sunrise hitting the peaks! (4 hours hiking.) The remainder of the day is free to rest and enjoy the magnificent setting.

B,L,D...Camp

## Day 11, May 2 Thagna (15,580')

If you didn't get a chance to hike to Gokyo Ri yesterday, we may have time this morning before setting off on our hike to Thagna. Along the way we pass another glacial lake and have a chance to walk on the glacier. (3-4 hours hiking or 7-8 hours.) B,L,D...Camp

## Day 12, May 3 Cho La (17,604')

Today is the second of our high passes to Everest! The Cho La is not a particularly technical pass, but the crossing is long and steep and includes a traverse of the lateral moraine of the Khumbu Glacier on the descent. We overnight at the village of Dzongla, with amazing up-close views of Cholatse's northeast face. (8-9 hours hiking.) B,L,D...Camp

## Day 13-14, May 4-5 Lobuje (16,200') – Kala Patar (18,192')

A morning's hike brings us to Lobuje, and we visit Monument Hill, a site where all the memorials to those who have dies on Everest is located. The following day we walk to the edge of the Khumbu Glacier and up to Gorak Shep, below Pumori (23,442') and the west face of Nuptse (25,850'). From here we can take an optional hike to to Kala Patar (18,192') for dramatic views of the Khumbu Glacier and Everest above it—a "must-see" for any mountain trekker! Return to Lobuje for overnight. (4 hours hiking, Day 13; 8-9 hours hiking, Day 14.) B,L,D...Camp

## Day 15, May 6 Nongma La (18,159') – Dingboche (14,500')

Ready for our third and last pass? Our trail first brings us along the Khumbu Glacier to Kongma La Base Camp (16,404'). We'll take a breather here before climbing up the pass at 18,159 feet—the second highest point of our trek. The summit is marked by a cairn enveloped in colorful prayer flags, and we feast our eyes on a panorama of icy lakes and frozen ridges. After descending, we hike up the Imja Khola valley to Chhukung (15,518'), then farther down to the large village of Dingboche. This is a long day, but full of extravagant scenery, including Island Peak, one of Nepal's most popular trekking peaks. (8-9 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Sonam Friendship Lodge

## Day 16, May 7 Deboche (12,200')

From Dingboche, it's a pleasant hike through the Dingboche Valley to the village of Pangboche. From here we hike to Ama Dablam Base Camp (15,700'), with stunning views of the mountain, considered one of the most beautiful in the Khumbu. Cathy Ann climbed Ama Dablam in the winter of 1999 and loves to take folks up to the beautiful meadow below the peak. Retrace our steps back to Pangboche (possibility of camping here for the night), then it's on to the meadow at Deboche. (8-9 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Camp

## Day 17, May 8 ▶ Namche Bazaar (11,270')

After breakfast we'll hike up to Tengboche Monastery, the spiritual center of the entire Mount Everest region. From here the views of Ama Dablam (with Mount Everest in the background) are

CATTARA

simply stunning. Walk steeply down to the Dudh Kosi and then make another climb up to Namche Bazaar. Free time in the afternoon to shop and visit the families of this bustling Sherpa trading town. (5-6 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Sherwi Khangba Lodge

## Day 18, May 9 > Return to Lukla (9,200')

Take a very long but leisurely trek down to the Dudh Kosi and then to Lukla, passing the village of Phakding. (8 hours hiking.)

B,L,D...Café Danphe Lodge

## Day 19, May 10 > Return to Kathmandu

Fly to Kathmandu (weather permitting!)\*. Upon arrival in Kathmandu, transfer to hotel. B...Shangri La Hotel

\* Flights in and out of Lukla airstrip are dependent on weather and other conditions, and are unreliable and commonly delayed. All camp meals at Lukla are included while waiting. We have scheduled an extra day at the end of the trek so as not to interfere with your homeward-bound flights.

## Day 20, May 11 ▶ Kathmandu

If the Lukla flight is not delayed, you can tour the large Buddhist stupas of Swayambunath and Bodhnath at your leisure. The afternoon is free to relax or do some last minute shopping or sightseeing on your own. Meet with the group in the evening for a festive farewell dinner. B,D...Shangri La Hotel

## Day 21, May 12 ▶ Fly home

Transfer to airport and leave Kathmandu on homeward-bound flights. B...

## (You will arrive home in the U.S. on May 13.)

#### LAND COST

\$6995 per person (6-7 members)

\$6695 per person (8-9 members)

\$6395 per person (10-13 members)

\$350 internal airfare (Kathmandu-Lukla-Kathmandu. Subject to change due to increases in fuel costs. Cattara will book and issue these tickets for you.)

Single Supplement—\$850. If you wish to share accommodations, we will try to match you up with a roommate. If that's not possible, we will have to charge you the single supplement.

\*Should you choose to pay with credit card there will be a service charge of 3%, the fee we incur from the bank.

Rates quoted are per person, based on sharing double accommodations at the Shangri La Hotel in Kathmandu.

## LAND COST INCLUDES ...

- o Expert leadership of Cathy Ann Taylor
- o Accommodations in hotels in Kathmandu and mountain lodges on trek
- o All trek arrangements, including tents, foam sleeping pads, community camping and commissary equipment, services of camp and commissary crew, including camp and cook staff, and lodges where noted
- o Meals as noted (B=Breakfast, L=Lunch, D=Dinner)
- o Airport transfers
- o Sightseeing as noted in the itinerary
- o Ground transportation
- o Additional guides and porters where necessary
- o Trek permits
- o Spider crampons

## LAND COST DOES NOT INCLUDE ...

International airfare to Kathmandu and return; round trip flight from Kathmandu to Lukla (see separate cost above); meals not noted on itinerary; accommodations en route to Nepal (depending on airline, you will likely need to overnight in Hong Kong, Doha, Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Delhi, Seoul, Singapore, or Bangkok en route to Kathmandu); trip insurance (mandatory for this trip); optional tipping to leader, guides and local staff; excess baggage charges; visas; airport taxes; cost of medical immunizations; and items of a personal nature (sodas, alcoholic beverages, laundry, etc.).

## TRIP PAYMENT SCHEDULE

At time of reservation	25% of land cost
120 days prior to departure	25% of land cost
90 days prior to departure	

#### CANCELLATION FEE SCHEDULE

From time of reservation	
until 90 days prior to departure	25% of land cost
89-60 days prior to departure	50% of land cost
59 days of fewer prior to departure	100% of land cost

## EXPERT LEADERSHIP

Expert leadership is the key to every successful trip. Cattara attracts knowledgeable and gifted leaders who are passionate about guiding trips and truly enjoy sharing the experience with others. They understand the cultures and traditions they work in and are a fountain of information. In addition to making sure everything runs smoothly and safely, Cattara guides enhance your experience by being educators, companions, and the best of friends.

#### TRIP LEADER



Cathy Ann Taylor, a high altitude trekking guide for the last 28 years, will be leading his trip. Cathy Ann has trekked all over Nepal, Tibet, and Bhutan, with well over 200 trips in the Himalayas (she still considers the Himalayas her "second home")! She has also hiked extensively in the European Alps; Tour du Mont Blanc (5), The Haute Route, Gran Paradiso, the Dolomites, and the Georgian Caucasus (5), India and South America (14 trips in Peru). A devout hiker and mountain biker, she leaves no trail undiscovered, and her passion for the mountains, caring nature, and boundless energy are

renowned. Her experience, knowledge, positive attitude (she can find the good in anything!), and her wonderful rapport with the local staff will enhance your experience. With the help of caring and likeminded individuals she has been able to manage the sponsorship of nineteen remote village children, all of whom are in boarding school in Nepal or in Universities in the United States. She consistently gets rave reviews from members of her groups and has quite a following. Cathy Ann is active in Breast Cancer Prevention Partners and has participated in seventeen expeditions, including Mount McKinley, Cho Oyu, Mount Fuji, Mount Shasta, and Mount Rainier, which helped increase awareness of breast cancer (she alone has raised over \$730,000 for the cause!). Cat's new program, Sacred Treks to benefit Breast Cancer Prevention Partners (Bhutan, Mont Blanc, Peru, Everest, Ladakh, Mustang, Georgian Caucasus, Sikkim, Dolomites, and Cordillera Blanca treks) has raised over \$735,000. She has also reached the summit of Ama Dablam (22,500') in Nepal and Argentina's Aconcagua (22,834'), the highest peak in South America. Cathy Ann received an honorable mention in *Hooked on the Outdoors* magazine's Outdoor Person of the Year Awards, and also received a letter of recognition for her fundraising and environmental work from former Speaker of the House, Nancy Pelosi.

## PHYSICAL EXPECTATIONS

This trip is **extremely challenging** and is designed for those who are very fit and experienced in the outdoors. We expect you to be a strong, experienced hiker and in great physical condition. On this trip, you will hike six to nine hours a day, up and down mountain trails that are steep and rocky, and mostly at elevations above 11,000 feet, with considerable time spent at altitudes above 14,000 feet. High altitude trekking can be very physically taxing and may create discomfort. You may experience symptoms of illness that you do not experience while exercising at sea level, such as shortness of breath, restlessness or sleeplessness at night, and headaches. At 18,000 feet, there is only one-half the amount of oxygen in the air, which imposes considerable physiological stress on the body. You should be aware of the demands and risks imposed by very high altitude, be in excellent underlying health, and prepare by training rigorously. We recommend you have a thorough physical exam and evaluation to uncover any general medical problem that might flare up while trekking in the remote areas of Nepal, where medical care may be many days away.

This trek is designed to allow time for acclimatization while trying to follow a schedule that accommodates peoples' time constraints. Certain aspects of the trek organization and schedule that may seem illogical are designed to maximize acclimatization. For instance, once at altitude, elevation gains between camps are limited: you may climb higher during the day but descend to sleep (climb high, sleep low). Extra nights are spent at the same elevation after each 2,000-3,000-foot gain over

12,000 feet. While on trek, you should drink a lot of water—this helps to avoid dehydration. Ibuprofen & Gingko (if you aren't on heart medication) have been proven to be very helpful at altitude without the side effects of diamox. The prescription drug Acetazolamide (Diamox) can also help acclimatization, prevent acute mountain sickness, and treat mild cases of mountain sickness. It is also very helpful for altitude insomnia and should be used in preference to sleeping pills or Valium, which are dangerous at altitude. Consult with your physician for advice on trekking at high altitude and any prescription medications you may need.

For physical preparation for this very challenging trek, we strongly suggest regular cardiovascular exercise for one to two hours at least 4-5 times a week. We recommend stair climbing, running, trail running, and mountain biking on hills, or elliptical or treadmill training in the gym with 15 to 20-pound day packs. This gets the heart rate going, which will be very beneficial for the type of high altitude trekking you will be undertaking.

## LIFE ON THE TRAIL

Your trekking day typically starts at 6:30 a.m., when the camp staff will bring you "bed tea" to start the day, along with a large bowl of hot water for washing. (Bring along a washcloth and you can have a full sponge bath in the privacy of your tent!) After packing your bags, you'll enjoy a hearty breakfast of porridge, eggs, and toast. By 8:00 or 8:30 you're off on the trail.

The morning's hike takes you through villages, forests, and up and down green hills and valleys or along rocky mountain trails. You'll have time to visit local teashops, stop for a view or a photo, and exchange a smile or greeting (Namaste!) with the friendly Nepali people who share the trail. A hot trailside lunch breaks up the day, giving you time to rest and refuel before heading out on the trail for the afternoon hike.

You arrive in camp by 4:00 p.m. and have time to wash up and get settled in your tent before enjoying tea and snacks in the dining tent. While waiting for dinner, you can write in your journal, read a book, play cards, or simply relax. The day ends with a hot, multi-course dinner, which often includes ethnic cuisine as well as American favorites. After dinner you can gaze at the stars (incredible viewing in this part of the world) and the moonlit peaks, go over the events of the day, or retire to your tent to read for a while before heading off to sleep.

## TRAVEL DOCUMENTS

In addition to a passport, valid for at least six months beyond the date of completion of the trip, you will need a visa for Nepal. You can get it upon arrival at the airport in Kathmandu or contact the Nepalese Consulate in DC or NY. If you prefer to use a visa service you will find many by searching on the internet, one in particular we have found reliable is CIBT: <a href="http://cibtvisas.com/">http://cibtvisas.com/</a>. If you prefer to get your visa on arrival in Kathmandu, you'll need one passport photo and \$40 cash (US dollars are accepted, please have exact change) for a 30 day visa. You may have to wait in a longer line if you arrive without a visa, but it's less expensive than using a visa service. A good tip is to make a photocopy of the photo page of your passport and carry it separately from your passport. If your passport is lost or stolen, a photocopy will help the local consulate speed up authorization for replacement. Also bring several spare passport photos—they're handy in case of unexpected visa or permit requirements.

If you plan to travel to Kathmandu via Thailand, you don't need a Thai visa. U.S. citizens don't need visas for visits to Thailand of up to 30 days. If you plan to travel to and from Kathmandu via India, you will need to get a multiple-entry Indian visa in advance. Indian visas *cannot* be obtained upon arrival in India. Contact Zierer Visa Service for more information.

Note—Most countries requiring visas require a completely blank page on which to stamp the visa, so your passport should contain at least one blank page for each country you plan to visit.

# IF YOU ARE TRAVELING TO NEPAL VIA BANGKOK, THAILAND Overnighting in Bangkok

The new airport hotel is called the **NOVOTEL SUVARNABHUMI AIRPORT HOTEL.** The hotel operates a 24-hour shuttle between the airport and the hotel. The shuttle runs every five minutes and the ride is about five to ten minutes. Exit at door number 4 to catch the shuttle. For reservations at the Novotel, see:

http://www.novotel.com/novotel/fichehotel/gb/nov/6183/fiche hotel.shtml

Novotel Suvarnabhumi Airport Hotel Moo 1 Nongprue Bang Phli, Samutprakarn, 10540 Bangkok, Thailand Tel: 011 66 2 1311111; Fax: 011 66 2 1311188

#### AIR TRAVEL

Airfare is not included in the land cost of the trip. For air reservations, please contact the airlines directly, either by phone or via the Internet. Plan your arrival in Kathmandu by the early afternoon of Day 1 (April 24). Many travelers elect to use their "frequent flyer" miles when traveling, but please check with us before purchasing or obtaining your tickets. We need to verify your arrival and departure schedule and ensure we have enough participants to operate the trip. Note—Names on air tickets and passports must match!

#### MEDICAL MATTERS

No vaccinations are currently required to enter Nepal, but immunizations for typhoid, tetanus, hepatitis A, and polio are *recommended*. These regulations and recommendations change frequently, so please check with your local health department or the CDC for more information (www.cdc.gov). In addition, the CDC sometimes recommends meningococcal meningitis vaccine for travelers to Nepal and Delhi, India, if there has been a recent outbreak. Confer with your physician for further advice.

Please advise us of any pre-existing medical conditions that may affect your health on the trek (recent injuries or surgeries, chronic illnesses, etc.). Hospital facilities for serious medical emergencies may be far away and evacuation can be difficult (and expensive).

To avoid intestinal problems while on the trip, do not drink tap water or even use it to brush your teeth. In Kathmandu, drink bottled water only. While on trek, the camp staff will provide boiled water for daily use. You must be careful when eating out in Kathmandu, too. That said, there are many wonderful restaurants and your trip leader will recommend a few to you. She will also give you more guidelines on staying healthy while in Nepal.

We recommend you bring your own personal first-aid kit, which should include antibiotics (Diamox, Cipro, azithromycin, or other), pain killers, and allergy medicines if you are prone to allergic reactions. The trip leader will also carry a basic kit for emergencies, but will not be able to dispense prescription medications.

## MONEY MATTERS

You should bring enough money for any souvenirs you may buy, plus a few meals that are not included in the cost of the trip (e.g. various meals in Kathmandu, or meals and accommodation en route to Nepal). Depending on how much of a shopper you are, \$500-\$600 is usually enough for incidentals and souvenirs. You should bring an additional amount for optional gratuities to the trip leader and local trekking staff. Trip members often ask for guidelines on tipping the trip leaders. Typically, trip members tip the trip leader at least US \$600 (presenting this personally rather than collectively gives you the opportunity to say thank you individually and is greatly appreciated) and at least \$325 toward a group tip for the trekking staff, preferably paid in local currency, as traveler's checks are impossible for the trekking staff to exchange.

Bring some of your money in traveler's checks and most in cash. There is an American Express office above the Thai Airlines office (same building) on Durbar Marg. Bring your credit card in case of emergencies. Credit cards are also becoming more widely accepted in the small tourist shops of Thamel and at the large hotels. You can use your ATM card at the airport in Bangkok. There are many ATM machines throughout Kathmandu now; in Thamel (the shopping district), downtown and Durbar Marg. The local currency in Nepal is the *rupee* and it is approximately 71 rupees to the dollar.

## WEATHER & CLIMATE

Spring and late fall are the best trekking seasons in Nepal. The months of April and May bring a beautiful spring profusion of wildflowers (Nepal's famous rhododendron forests are in bloom at this time at lower altitudes). Daytime temperatures range between 45° and 70°F, depending on the altitude, while at night temperatures can drop to between 0° and 45°F. During the autumn months, temperatures are relatively cooler and skies are usually brilliantly clear. Daytime temperatures range between 35° and 65°F, and nighttime temperatures between -5° and 35°F. Rain or snow is possible at any time of year. The temperature typically drops about 3.5°F for every 1,000 feet you gain in elevation.

#### INCIDENTALS

Laundry: Laundry service is available at the Shangri La Hotel. While on trek, washbasins are available for any laundry you may want to do yourself on rest days, but it's usually too cold for garments to dry very quickly. Synthetic fabrics are the easiest to wash, and they dry quickly. Please make sure you bring biodegradable soap.

**Electricity**: Nepal is on the 220V system. Sockets are usually the three-pin variety, but they vary. If you are planning to use something like a hairdryer or electric shaver at the hotel (a hairdryer is provided at the Shangri La Hotel), bring a converter and a selection of plug adapters (you can buy these in drugstores or travel specialty stores in the U.S.).

**Time Zones**: Nepal is Greenwich Mean Time plus five hours and 45 minutes. That means if it's 8:00pm in Kathmandu, it's 9:15am in New York and 6:15am in California.

Environmental Responsibility: We ask you to carry out whatever you carry in, including non-biodegradable items such as batteries, flashlight bulbs, empty plastic containers, and so on. Nepal does not have the proper facilities to process this kind of waste and your throwaways will end up in the river or tossed down a hillside.

## SHOPPING

Kathmandu is a fun place to shop—street vendors and emporiums are everywhere you look. Craft items to buy include beautiful hand-woven Tibetan carpets, traditional brass cooking vessels, semi-precious gemstones, Tibetan prayer wheels, and *thangka* paintings. The markets of Kathmandu also serve as an outlet for items from Bhutan and Tibet. You'll need to sharpen your bargaining skills to get the best deal.

# WHAT TO BRING: CLOTHING & EQUIPMENT LIST

## Packing Notes

It's best to go as light as possible and take only the essentials. Excess baggage can be a burden, not only to you but to support personnel.

Your trekking duffel must not weigh more than **30 lbs.**, the weight limit for the flight to Lukla and because it will be carried by a porter or pack animal. This includes all items you will need while on trek as well as your sleeping bag. We suggest you bring an additional small lockable duffel to store non-trek clothes and items at the hotel in Kathmandu.

In addition, there are baggage weight restrictions in the small planes used for domestic flights in Nepal. Overweight baggage is *not* accepted on these flights even if you are willing to pay excess baggage charges.

## Luggage

- □ Duffel bag. A good size is about 14" x 15" x 36" (7,560 cu. in)—large enough to hold your sleeping bag plus your trekking clothes and gear. It should have a full-length zipper (for easy access), and be sturdy and water-resistant or waterproof.
- ☐ Daypack with a capacity of 2,000 to 2,500 cubic inches, with a good padded waist belt. It can double as your carryon bag. Always bring all irreplaceable items, such as camera, medications, important documentation, and trekking boots in your carryon luggage.
- ☐ Spare roll-up duffel. This is essential if you wish to store your city clothes while on the trek and to bring home those great souvenirs! It should be lockable.

## Clothing Notes

underwear

Because you will be going to higher elevations, the weather will be cold part of the time. Nighttime temperatures are likely to fall below freezing many nights in a row; sometimes even daytime temperatures (at least in the shade) can be close to freezing.

Bring comfortable clothing that will protect you from cold and wet weather. Synthetic fabrics (such as polypropylene, capilene, or fleece) are the most effective barriers against the cold. They provide the best insulation, are light in weight, wick away perspiration, and dry quickly if wet. Wool and wool/synthetics are also suitable. (Cotton garments are not good in cold or wet mountain conditions.)

Layering is the way to go. Your innermost layer should be long underwear. The middle layer can be a synthetic turtleneck or wool shirt, and pants. The outermost layer should be a synthetic or down jacket, and/or a good quality Gore-Tex wind/rain parka and over-pants.

We suggest women trek in comfortable, loose-fitting long pants. Long, baggy hiking-type shorts for men are acceptable on the trek, although full-length pants are best because it is generally too cold for shorts.

<ul> <li>Regular underwear. Synthetics are easier to wash and dry. Depending on the weather, you may be able to hand-wash some on your rest days during the trek.</li> <li>Thermal underwear. One lightweight and one medium-weight top and bottom, of a polyeste type fabric. Wool and wool/synthetic blends are also suitable. You can use them to sleep a night and as layers for maximum warmth.</li> </ul>
Socks
We recommend you bring four outer pairs of socks.
☐ Athletic socks (synthetic for easy washing and drying) that are suitable for your walking (not hiking) shoes. You can store them in your extra duffel while on trek.
☐ Medium weight hiking socks (synthetic or wool/synthetic).
☐ Synthetic or silk sock linersoptional. Some people wear sock liners to help prevent blisters and some wear the same pair of hiking socks for three days in a row and achieve the same result.
Shírts
☐ Long-sleeved, synthetic or wool shirt. ☐ Short-sleeved, synthetic or wool T-shirts.
Pants
☐ Full-length pants, preferably of quick-drying synthetic fabric.
☐ Fleece pants, ideal for camp time or layering for warmth.
Outerwear
☐ Medium-weight jacket of synthetic fabric, such as fleece.

fiberfil Rain/v Rain/v Glove	m to heavy - weight down or synthetic-fill jacket (10-12 oz. of down or 15-20 oz. of l). A must for camp. wind parka (must fit over bulky clothing). wind pants, preferably with full-length side zipper (must fit over your other pants). s or mittens (fleece or combination of fleece with waterproof shell overmitt or glove). liners (synthetic).
cap. □ Balacla □ Fleece □ Banda and ca	It with wide brim, preferably with a chinstrap to keep it from blowing off, or baseball ava for warmth at night. The combination of a cap and neck gaiter also works well. or wool hat.  Inna or Buff - A generally useful item—it will keep your neck from getting sunburned in double as a hand towel in the field.
☐ Mediu tractio prolon ☐ Down	new boots in well before the trip. m-weight, sturdy hiking boots with padded ankle, good arch support, and lug sole for n. Your hiking boots should be waterproofed, well broken in, and suitable for ged walking on snow and/or rocks. booties, tennis shoes, or slip on clogs to wear in camp. high gaiters to keep snow out of your boots.
-5° to -  ☐ We pre	ition weight sleeping bag. We recommend a rating of -10° to -25° F for fall trips or 20° F for spring trips.  ovide thick foam sleeping pads, but for added comfort, you may wish to bring your ghtweight pad.
and many Note- often     Hiking downla     Parach     Set of your example     Toiletrand     Roll of trek downla     Purell	bottles, 1 or 1.5 quart capacity. Make sure they are leak-proof, and heavy duty. Bring 2 ark them with your name or initials as several people may have the same bottle.  —CamelBaks or other bladder hydration systems are not recommended, as they break or leak, are difficult to fill with boiled water, and are hard to keep clean. It poles—Highly recommended. They help relieve the impact on your knees during long wills; they are also useful on uphills. Practice with them before the trip. In the cord to use as a clothesline inside your tent. It casual city clothes that are dressier than your trekking clothes. You will store these in a ktra duffel while you are on trek. It is to biodegradable soap, toothbrush, feminine products, etc. It was a provided at camp, but you need to carry your own on the day. It is a medical kit.

<ul> <li>□ Throat lozenges (antiseptic menthol or hard candies), about 40 of them. Good for soothing sore or dry throats at altitude.</li> <li>□ Body lotion for dry skin at higher altitudes.</li> <li>□ Small towel of synthetic-type fabric.</li> <li>□ Sponge or washcloth to wash up at camp.</li> <li>□ Ace bandage or brace if you're prone to sore knees or ankles.</li> <li>□ Sunglasses (100% UVA/UVB protected). For high altitudes, it's good to have glasses with a special dark lens and side shields that block reflected UV.</li> <li>□ Spare pair of prescription glasses, prescription sunglasses, or contact lenses.</li> <li>□ Sunscreen lotion and lipstick of SPF 25 or higher.</li> <li>□ Glacier sunscreen or zinc oxide sunscreen if you want serious UV protection at high altitudes.</li> <li>□ Small headlamp with spare batteries.</li> <li>□ Heavyweight trash bags to waterproof and sort out clothes and other items in your duffel and backpack. Ziploc bags are great for small items and camera gear; nylon stuff sacks are also handy.</li> <li>□ Small padlock or combination lock for your stored city duffel.</li> <li>□ Extra passport photos. Keep them with your travel documents as you may need them throughout your journey.</li> <li>□ Money belt or neck pouch to store cash.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>○ Camera and plenty memory cards, and extra batteries.</li> <li>○ Repair kit with needle, thread, and safety pins.</li> <li>○ Swiss Army-type pocket knife.</li> <li>○ Pair of compact binoculars.</li> <li>○ Powdered electrolyte mixes for your water.</li> <li>○ Your favorite trail snacks, especially if you have allergies or dietary restrictions.</li> <li>○ Reading and writing material.</li> <li>○ Sit upon seat cushion for the trail.</li> </ul>
©2017, Cattara